

I. READING (max. 20P)

Reading Part 1 (10)

Read the text and choose the correct answer **A**, **B**, **C** or **D** for each space.

There is an example at the beginning:

(0) **A** lots **B** most **C** many **D** much

Pocahontas

Pocahontas is one of the (0) **B** famous women in Native American history. We know for sure that she was the daughter of Chief Powhatan. Some sources say she was his favorite daughter. She apparently **met** John Smith, the leader **of** the Jamestown colony in 1607. There is a famous story **about** Pocahontas saving John Smith's life. According to the story, Smith was captured by Powhatan's warriors, and was about to be killed. Pocahontas intervened and **rescued** Smith. Some people believe that Pocahontas and John Smith were married. This, however, is not true. Pocahontas married someone **else**. Pocahontas was about eleven **when** she met John Smith in Jamestown. She used to visit Jamestown often, usually bringing food. One day, John Smith was injured in a gunpowder explosion. He returned to England to get medical help. But the people in Jamestown told Pocahontas that he was dead. After hearing of Smith's "death," Pocahontas stopped visiting the place for several years.

As an adult Pocahontas became a Christian and **took** the name "Rebecca." After her marriage to John Rolfe, she travelled to England. There Pocahontas was a celebrity! She met many of the most important people of the day. She **even** met King James and Queen Anne.

Believe it or not, John Smith was in London at the same time as Pocahontas. They met, and Pocahontas was too overcome with emotion to speak because she had believed that he was dead. After she had calmed herself, Pocahontas enjoyed **talking** about old times with John Smith. **Unfortunately**, Pocahontas became very sick, and died before leaving England. She was only twenty-two. But she has been famous ever since.

- 1) **A** **met** **B** meeting **C** will meet **D** has met
- 2) **A** **of** **B** with **C** for **D** about
- 3) **A** over **B** **about** **C** in **D** for
- 4) **A** **rescued** **B** had rescued **C** was rescuing **D** will rescue
- 5) **A** **else** **B** other **C** even **D** yet
- 6) **A** **when** **B** how **C** where **D** that
- 7) **A** befriended **B** **took** **C** changed **D** gave
- 8) **A** ever **B** such a **C** **even** **D** either
- 9) **A** talked **B** talk **C** **talking** **D** to talk
- 10) **A** Therefore **B** **Unfortunately** **C** Although **D** Because

Reading Part 2 (10)

Look at the text in each question. What does it say?

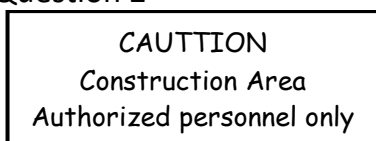
Choose the best answer **A**, **B**, or **C**.

Question 1



- A) Nobody works here.
- B) Stay away from lonely people
- C) If you get lost you should stay outdoors.

Question 2



- A) Everything is hand made here.
- B) Speak only to professional workers.
- C) You cannot go there.

Question 3



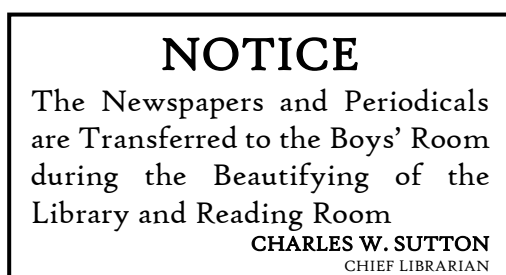
- A) This is a training ground for animals.
- B) This is a service station for disabled animals.
- C) Some animals can stay.

Question 4



- A) You can buy cactuses and other plants here.
- B) You must wash your hands before touching the plants.
- C) It is important that the factory is not dirty.

Question 5



- A) You cannot read any newspapers until decoration work is finished.
- B) The Reading Room is more beautiful than the library.
- C) Periodicals have moved.

II. GRAMMAR (max. 60)

1. Write the questions to which the underlined words are an answer (7)

1. Matthew bought a new shirt at the store.

Where did Matthew/he buy a new shirt?

2. Jessica has painted her room pink because she likes that color.

Why has Jessica/she painted her room (pink)? → words in (brackets) are optional

3. Andrew writes letters to his aunt in America.

Who does Andrew/he write letters to?

4. Sally usually calls her mother twice a week.

How often does Sally/she usually call her (mother)?

5. The children were playing in the garden earlier.

What were the children doing (earlier)?

6. Mildred is looking for her glasses.

What is Mildred looking for?

7. They are going to buy the house down by the river, not the one on the hill.

Which house/one are they going to buy?

2. Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Use one to three words only. (12)

1. We often drive to France.

We often go to France by car.

2. They won't let us in if we arrive after the show has started.

We have to arrive in/on time for the start of the show.

3. Passengers are not allowed to speak to the driver while the bus is moving.

Passengers must not/are forbidden to speak to the driver while the bus is moving.

4. My hometown doesn't have any theatres.

There are no theatres in my home town.

5. I have to call this person, it's really important.

I have to **make** a really important phone call.

6. We missed the plane because of traffic on the motorway.

There was lot of traffic on the motorway

so/therefore/accordingly/consequently/... we missed our plane.

3. Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions, sometimes no preposition is needed (6)

1. I'm sorry I stepped on your toe, I didn't do it **on** purpose.

2. Can I pay **by** credit card? – No, I'm sorry, you can only pay **in** cash.

3. Terry has been a mechanic **for** seven years.

4. Can you see the man **in** the picture?

5. He was **at** Beth's party yesterday.

4. Fill in the correct form of the verb, present simple or present continuous. (7)

1. Please hurry up, the play **starts** in five minutes. When the play **begins** the people **see** two girls sitting at a table. It **is** afternoon and the sun **is shining** and the birds **are singing**. Then the brother from London **arrives**.

5. Fill in the correct form of the verb, past simple or past continuous. (6)

1. The afternoon was quiet. Josephine **decided** to read a book in the garden. While she **was reading**, time passed by and it got darker and darker outside. When it was too dark to read on, Josephine **went** inside, but although she **was** hungry she **didn't eat** anything but **went** straight to her room to finish the book.

6. Choose the correct answer: A, B, or C (8)

1. He asked them **whether** they had seen the film.

A: **whether** B: will C: which

2. Sam is **much** taller than Felix.

A: such B: lot C: **much**

3. Did you go **anywhere** nice for your holidays?

A: nowhere B: **anywhere** C: somewhere

4. Frank hasn't seen the film **yet**.
A: already B: **yet** C: just
5. If it **were** winter, it would be cold outside.
A: **were** B: will be C: is
6. The house **was sold** yesterday.
A: **was sold** B: has been sold C: might be sold
7. If it **rains**, we will stay home.
A: will rain B: raining C: **rains**
8. The Smiths are looking forward **to moving** to another city.
A: **to moving** B: to move C: moving

7. Use the words in brackets and fill in the correct verb form: Past or Present Perfect, simple or continuous. (6)

1. Marcia and Josh **got** married ten years ago.
2. The visitors **have just arrived**.
3. Many students **have been studying** hard lately in order to pass this exam.
4. It **didn't rain** yesterday.
5. The Swiss man Henri Dunant (1828-1910), who was the founder of the Red Cross, **won** the first Nobel Peace Prize (=Friedensnobelpreis).
6. Since then, the Red Cross **has become** a very important institution.

8. Write the past tense and past participle of these verbs (8)

ride	rode	ridden	→ both forms right = 1p (No ½ points!)
fly	flew	flown	
swear	swore	sworn	
drive	drove	driven	
sit	sat	sat	
can	could	been able	
hold	held	held	
hang	hung	hung	

